86 سورةِ الطّارق S86-At-Ta'rege



By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)

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1.By¹TheHeavenwbythe Tta'reqe²(knocker/night-visitant).	و السّماء وَٱلطَّارقِ ﴿
2. And what <i>adra</i> ( <i>profoundly caused you</i> <sup>g</sup> <i>to know</i> ) what the <i>Ttareqo</i> (= <i>Ttareqe</i> ) ( <i>is</i> ).	وَمَآ أَدْرَناكَ مَا ٱلطَّارِقُ ﴾
3. The Star The Thagibo <sup>3</sup> (the Piercer/the furthest-and-shiner-most).	النَّجْمُ الثَّاقِبُ ﴿
4. $En^4(not)$ every selfw lamma (except/but), 5 on [itw] a keeper-up. 6	إِن كُلُّ نَفْس لُمَّا عَلَيْهَا حَافظُ ۗ
5. Solet look the mankind of what [he] (had been) created.	فَلِّينظُر ٱلَّإِنسَانُ مِمَّ خُلقَ ٢
6. (Had been) created [he] of a gusher-water.7	خُلِقَ مِن مَّآء دَافِق 💮
7. Issuing [it*] from between/among the loins and the tara'eb (highest ribs/ribs just below the collar bone).	يَخُرُجُ مِنْ بَيْنِ ٱلصُّلْبِ وَٱلنَّرْ آبِبِ
8. Verily He (is) on its <sup>x</sup> return, surely (is) Qadir <sup>8</sup> (He-Who is Causer of Fate).	إِنَّهُ عَلَىٰ رَجْعِهِ لَقَادِرٌ ۞
9. Day (to be) essayed the secrecies/concealments.9	يَوْمَ تُبْلَى ٱلسَّرَآبِرُ ﴿
10. So neither for him of strength nor a succorer.	فَمَا لَهُر مِن قُوَّةِ وَلَا نَاصِر ١
11. By <sup>10</sup> The Heaven <sup>w</sup> the return-possessor.	وَٱلسَّمَآءِ ذَاتِ ٱلرَّجْعِ ٢
12. By <sup>11</sup> The Earth <sup>w</sup> the furrow/fissure-possessor.	وَٱلْأَرُضِ ذَاتِ ٱلصَّدْعِ 💣
13. Verily it <sup>x</sup> (is) surely a sunderance-say. <sup>12</sup>	إِنَّهُ وَ لَقَوْلٌ فَصِلٌ ﴿
14. And not it <sup>x</sup> ( <i>is</i> ) surely a jest. <sup>13</sup>	وَمَا هُوَ بِٱلْهَزْلِ ۞
15. Verilythey, they scheme kaydan (scheme absolute scheme).	إِنَّهُمْ يَكِيدُونَ كَيْدًا ١
16. And [I] scheme, kaydan(scheme/absolute scheme).	وَأُكِيدُ كَيْدًا ﴿

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In Arabic the letter "3" is a letter used to *swear* in the name of Allah. In English the *equivalent* for swearing is "by." Therefore, since this Ayah begins by making an oath by the name of the "الطائق," so we start with the word "by" and not "3" as "3" will not suffice the meaning.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The word "الطّارق" linguistically, per se first and foremost, means the: "striker/knocker." In modern astronomy, perhaps it is one of "The Pulsars." However, there are other meanings for the word, such as (a) the: "knocker/night-visitant," or (b)

the "morning star" or (c) the "shining star." See القرطبي. I chose (a) for this Translation as (a) implies (b) and (c).

3 The word "الثافي" = the piercer, or that which rose far afar, it also means that which is most far and most shining, and Allah knows best, the latter applies here. The star is commonly known as "نُحُل" = "Venus.' See". القرطبي

A The particle "إن" is a particle of negation. See اعراب القرآن by إعراب القرآن

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The particle "La" has many functions, such as: it enters on the present tense and makes it past tense, and negates it.

It also could mean a particle of exception." See القرطبي and القرطبي and القرطبي. 6 The word "حفظ" is rooted in "حفظ" = "kept-up" not just "kept, or maintained," or even "guarded." Merriam Webster's Dictionary puts "keep up" as: "to stay even (as in acts of strength, endurance, or speed) \*although he was small he could keep up with the larger boys in sports\*." (Emphasis is added).

<sup>7</sup> The word "دافق" says Ibn Abbas means "viscous." See القرطبي. 8 The word "قادر" is masculine, singular, subjective noun, meaning: Causer of Fate, he-who is capable of: giving, doing, enforcing, or influencing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> They explained that as the fasting, the Prayer, the Zakata, and the ghosl (shower from al-janaba'te= the full Sha'rey'ah prescribed shower after sexual-intercourse. See البصائر.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See footnote 1 above regarding "3" and "by." Also for the *oaths* in this *Ayah* and *next* see (\$56:75-76).

<sup>11</sup> Ibid, regarding "**s**" and "by."
12 That is a say of sound-determination which sunders (separates) right from wrong, it is absolutely conclusive.

<sup>13</sup> The word "say" in Arabic is a masculine, singular noun.

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17. So let-reprieve [yous] the unbelievers; let-reprieve الْمَهُ الْمُهُمُّ رُوَيُدًا them [yous] leisurely.